A Clinical Study to Evaluate the Efficiency of Two Different Types of Apex Locators

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Abstract:

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the clinical accuracy of two different types of apex locators in different intracanal contents.

In this in vivo study, forty lower first premolars were used. The sample was divided equally in two major groups:

- 1) Group A which had been tested by the Root ZX apex locator.
- 2) Group B which had been tested by the EndoAnalyzer apex locator. After obtaining the readings with these two apex locators, the teeth were extracted. The apical portion of each tooth was grinded longitudinally under the stereo-microscope to locate the cementodentinal junction, the length to this position was considered as a control.

The statistical analysis showed that, there was no significant difference between the obtained readings in different intracanal contents for the Root ZX apex locator. The statistical analysis showed that, there was a significant difference between the obtained readings in different intracanal contents for the EndoAnalyzer apex locator. The reading was more accurate in a dry rather than in a wet field.

From the obtained results , the clinical accuracy of the Root ZX apex locator was better in different intracanal media , due to that the Root ZX a frequency –dependent type which works accurately in a dry or a wet canal . While for the EndoAnalyzer the clinical accuracy was better in a dry canal , due to that it's a resistance type which works accurately in a dry canal .

Therfore Root ZX has a high clinical accuracy, hence it can used as an adjunct to the traditional X-ray procedures.